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## Surds and Indices questions for CGL Tier 2, CGL Tier 1 and SSC 10+2

## Surds and indices quiz 1

Directions: Study the following questions carefully and choose the right answer:

1. The value of $(256)^{5 / 4}$ is:
A. 512
B. 984
C. 1024
D. 1032
2. The value of $\frac{1}{(216)^{-\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)}}+\frac{1}{(256)^{-\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)}}+\frac{1}{(32)^{-\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)}}$ is:
A. 102
B. 105
C. 107
D. None of these
3. $\left(2.4 \times 10^{3}\right) \div\left(8 \times 10^{-2}\right)=$ ?
A. $3 \times 10-5$
B. $3 \times 104$
C. $3 \times 105$
D. 30
4. $\left(\frac{1}{216}\right)^{-\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)} \div\left(\frac{1}{27}\right)^{-\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)}=$ ?
A. $3 / 4$
B. $2 / 3$
C. $4 / 9$
D. $1 / 8$
5. $(1000)^{7} \div 10^{18}=$ ?
A. 10
B. 100
C. 1000
D. 10000
6. $49 \times 49 \times 49 \times 49=7^{?}$
A. 4
B. 7
C. 8
D. 16
7. The value of $\left(8^{-25}-8^{-26}\right)$ is:
A. $7 \times 8^{-25}$
B. $7 \times 8^{-26}$
C. $8 \times 8^{-26}$
E. $8 \times 8^{-25}$
8. $(64)^{-1 / 2}-(32)^{-4 / 5}=$ ?
A. $1 / 8$
B. $3 / 8$
C. $1 / 16$
D. $3 / 16$
9. $(18)^{3.5} \div(27)^{3.5} \times 6^{3.5}=2^{\text {? }}$
A. 3.5
B. 4.5
C. 6
D. 7
10. $\frac{(243)^{0.13} \times(243)^{0.07}}{(7)^{0.25} \times(49)^{0.075} \times(343)^{0.2}}$ is:
A. 3/7
B. $7 / 3$
C. 10/7
D. $16 / 7$

## Correct answers:

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C | A | B | C | C | C | B | C | D | A |

## Explanations:

1). From the given equation:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& (256)^{5 / 4} \\
& =\left(4^{4}\right)^{5 / 4} \\
& =4^{(4 \times 5 / 4)} \\
& =4^{5} \\
& =1024 .
\end{aligned}
$$

Hence, option C is correct.
2). Given expression =

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{(216)^{-2 / 3}}+\frac{1}{(256)^{-3 / 4}}+\frac{1}{(32)^{-1 / 5}} \\
& =\frac{1}{6^{3 \times(-2 / 3)}}+\frac{1}{4^{4 \times(-3 / 4)}}+\frac{1}{2^{5 \times(-1 / 5)}} \\
& =\frac{1}{6^{-2}}+\frac{1}{4^{-3}}+\frac{1}{2^{-1}} \\
& =\left(6^{2}+4^{3}+2^{1}\right) \\
& =(36+64+2) \\
& =102 .
\end{aligned}
$$

Hence, option A is correct.
3). Given equation
$=\left(2.4 \times 10^{3}\right) \div\left(8 \times 10^{-2}\right)$
then, $\frac{2.4 \times 10^{3}}{8 \times 10^{-2}}$
$=\frac{24 \times 10^{2}}{8 \times 10^{-2}}$
$=\left(3 \times 10^{4}\right)$

Hence, option B is correct.
4). Given equation:
$\left(\frac{1}{216}\right)^{-2 / 3} \div\left(\frac{1}{27}\right)^{-4 / 3}=?$
$(216)^{(2 / 3)} \div(27)^{(4 / 3)}$
$=\frac{(216)^{2 / 3}}{(27)^{4 / 3}}=\frac{\left(6^{3}\right)^{\times(2 / 3)}}{\left(3^{3}\right)^{\times(4 / 3)}}$.
$=\frac{6^{2}}{3^{4}}=\frac{36}{81}=\frac{4}{9}$

Hence, option C is correct.
5). $\quad$ Given equation $=(1000)^{7} \div 10^{18}$.
$\Rightarrow \frac{(1000)^{7}}{(10)^{18}} \Rightarrow \frac{\left(10^{3}\right)^{7}}{(10)^{18}} \Rightarrow \frac{10^{(3 \times 7)}}{(10)^{18}}$.
$\Rightarrow 10^{21}=10^{(21-18)} \Rightarrow 10^{3}=1000$.

Hence, option C is correct.
6). From the given equation:
$49 \times 49 \times 49 \times 49$
$\Rightarrow\left(7^{2} \times 7^{2} \times 7^{2} \times 7^{2}\right)$
$\Rightarrow 7^{(2+2+2+2)}$
$\Rightarrow 7^{8}$

So, the correct answer is 8 .

Hence, option C is correct.
7). From the given equation:

$$
8^{-25}-8^{-26}
$$

$=\left(\frac{1}{8^{25}}-\frac{1}{8^{26}}\right)$
$=\frac{(8-1)}{8^{26}}$
$=7 \times 8^{-26}$

Hence, option B is correct.
8). From the given equation:
$(64)^{-1 / 2}-(32)^{-4 / 5}$
$\Rightarrow\left(8^{2}\right)^{-1 / 2}-\left\{(2)^{5}\right\}^{-4 / 5 .}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Rightarrow 8^{2 \times(-1 / 2)}-(2)^{5 \times(-4) / 5} \\
& \Rightarrow 8^{-1}-(2)^{-4} \\
& \Rightarrow \frac{1}{8}-\frac{1}{(2)^{4}} \\
& \Rightarrow\left(\frac{1}{8}-\frac{1}{16}\right) \\
& =\frac{1}{16}
\end{aligned}
$$

Hence, option C is correct.
9). In this question as we need to find the power of base 2 given in R.H.S, it's clear that factors other than 2 will be cancelled out on calculation in L.H.S.

Therefore, we can solve this question just by picking 2 is as bases with their powers in L.H.S.
$(18)^{3.5} \div$
$\downarrow$
$(2 \times 9)^{3.5} \div$
$\stackrel{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\downarrow}}{(2)^{3.5}}$
$(27)^{3.5}$
$(27)^{3.5}$
$\times 6^{3.5}=2^{x}$
$\times(2 \times 3)^{3.5}=2^{x}$
Neglecting bases other than 2
$\times$
$\stackrel{\downarrow}{(2)^{3.5}}=2^{x}$
$\Rightarrow 2^{3.5+3.5}=2^{x}$
$\Rightarrow 2^{7}=2^{x} \Rightarrow x=7$.

Hence, option D is correct.
10). From the given equation:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(243)^{0.13} \times(243)^{0.07}}{7^{0.25} \times(49)^{0.075} \times(343)^{0.2}} \\
& =\frac{(243)^{(0.13+0.07)}}{7^{0.25} \times\left(7^{2}\right)^{0.075} \times\left(7^{3}\right)^{0.2}} \\
& \frac{(243)^{0.2}}{7^{0.25} \times(7)^{(2 \times 0.075)} \times(7)^{(3 \times 0.2)}} \\
& =7^{0.25} \times 7^{0.15} \times 7^{0.6} \\
& =\frac{\left(3^{5}\right)^{0.2}}{7^{(0.25+0.15+0.6)}} \\
& =\frac{3^{1}}{7^{1}}=\frac{3}{7}
\end{aligned}
$$

Hence, option A is correct.


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