

# Quadratic Equation Questions for SBI PO Pre, IBPS PO Pre, SBI Clerk Mains, IBPS Clerk Mains, LIC AAO Pre, RBI Assistant and RRB Scale I Pre Exams. 

Quadratic Eqn. Quiz 29
Directions: In each of these questions, two equations (I) and (II) are given. You have to solve both the equations and give answer.

1. I. $20 x^{2}+29 x-36=0$
II. $5 y^{2}-14 y+8=0$
A. if $x>y$
B. if $x \leq y$
C. if $x \geq y$
D. if $x<y$
E. if $x=y$ or relationship between $x$ and $y$ can't be established
2. I. $(x+6)\left(8-\frac{1}{x}\right)=0$
II. $y^{2}+V 576=V 1089$
A. if $x>y$
B. if $x \leq y$
C. if $x \geq y$
D. if $x<y$
E. if $x=y$ or relationship between $x$ and $y$ can't be established
3. I. $x^{4} \times 612=x^{6} \times 17$
II. $y^{2 / 3} \times 102=17 \times y^{5 / 3}$
A. if $x>y$
B. if $x \leq y$
C. if $x \geq y$
D. if $x<y$
E. if $x=y$ or relationship between $x$ and $y$ can't be established
4. I. $88 x^{2}-7 x-15=0$
II. $27 y^{2}-6 y-8=0$
A. if $x>y$
B. if $x \leq y$
C. if $x \geq y$
D. if $x<y$
E. if $x=y$ or relationship between $x$ and $y$ can't be established
5. I. $x^{3}+\sqrt[3]{4913}=\sqrt{ } 6561$
II. $(\sqrt{ } y-4)\left(\frac{\sqrt{y}}{2}-1\right)=0$
A. if $x>y$
B. if $x \leq y$
C. if $x \geq y$
D. if $x<y$
E. if $x=y$ or relationship between $x$ and $y$ can't be established
6. I. $x^{2}-13 x+40=0$
II. $y^{2}-21 y+110=0$
A. if $x>y$
B. if $x \leq y$
C. if $x \geq y$
D. if $x<y$
E. if $x=y$ or relationship between $x$ and $y$ can't be established
7. I. $x=\left(208-14^{2}\right)-32$
II. $y=8^{3}-\left(21^{2} \div 3\right)-360$
A. if $x>y$
B. if $x \leq y$
C. if $x \geq y$
D. if $x<y$
E. if $x=y$ or relationship between $x$ and $y$ can't be established
8. I. $x^{2}=30-x$
II. $y^{2}-13 y+40=0$
A. if $x>y$
B. if $x \leq y$
C. if $x \geq y$
D. if $x<y$
E. if $x=y$ or relationship between $x$ and $y$ can't be established
9. I. $35 x^{2}-39 x+10=0$
II. $30 y^{2}+2=17 y$
A. if $x>y$
B. if $x \leq y$
C. if $x \geq y$
D. if $x<y$
E. if $x=y$ or relationship between $x$ and $y$ can't be established
10. I. $18 x^{2}-39 x+20=0$
II. $9 y^{2}-51 y+52=0$
A. if $x>y$
B. if $x \leq y$
C. if $x \geq y$
D. if $x<y$
E. if $x=y$ or relationship between $x$ and $y$ can't be established

## Correct Answers:

| $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B | E | B | E | B | D | D | B | C | B |

## Explanations:

1. I. $20 x^{2}+29 x-36=0$
$20 x^{2}+(45-16) x-36=0$
$20 x^{2}+45 x-16 x-36=0$
$5 x(4 x+9)-4(4 x+9)=0$
$(4 x+9)(5 x-4)=0$
$x=-9 / 4,4 / 5$
II. $5 y^{2}-14 y+8=0$
$5 y^{2}-(10+4) y+8=0$
$5 y^{2}-10 y-4 y+8=0$
$5 y(y-2)-4(y-2)=0$
$(y-2)(5 y-4)=0$
$y=2,4 / 5$
While comparing the root values of $x$ and $y$, we find that both the values of $x$ are less than $y$ 's. Therefore, $x \leq y$

Hence, option B is correct.
2.
I. $(x+6)\left(8-\frac{1}{x}\right)=0$
$(x+6)\left(\frac{8 x-1}{x}\right)=0$
$(x+6)(8 x-1)=0$
$x=-6,1 / 8$
II. $y^{2}+\mathrm{V} 576=\mathrm{V} 1089$
$y^{2}+24=33$
$y^{2}=9$
$y=3,-3$
Relationship between x and y cannot be established.
Hence, option E is correct.
3. I. $x^{4} \times 612=x^{6} \times 17$
$612=x^{2} \times 17$
$x^{2}=36$
$x= \pm 6$
II. $y^{2 / 3} \times 102=17 \times y^{5 / 3}$
$y^{5 / 3} \div y^{2 / 3}=6$
$y^{(5 / 3-2 / 3)}=6$
$y=6$
$x \leq y$
Hence, option B is correct.
4. I. $88 x^{2}-7 x-15=0$
$88 x^{2}-(40-33) x-15=0$
$88 x^{2}-40 x+33 x-15=0$
$8 x(11 x-5)+3(11 x-5)=0$
$(8 x+3)(11 x-5)=0$
$x=5 / 11,-3 / 8$
II. $27 y^{2}-6 y-8=0$
$27 y^{2}-(18-12) y-8=0$
$27 y^{2}-18 y+12 y-8=0$
$9 y(3 y-2)+4(3 y-2)=0$
$(3 y-2)(9 y+4)=0$
$y=2 / 3,-4 / 9$
While comparing the root values of $x$ and $y$, both the values of $x$ 's lies between the values of $y$ 's. Hence, option E is correct.
5. I. $x^{3}+\sqrt[3]{4913}=\sqrt{ } 6561$
$x^{3}+17=81$
$x^{3}=81-17$
$x^{3}=64$
$x=4$
II. $(\sqrt{ } y-4)\left(\frac{V y}{2}-1\right)=0$

$$
(\sqrt{ } y-4) \frac{(\sqrt{ } y-2)}{2}=0
$$

$(\sqrt{ } y-4)(\sqrt{y}-2)=0$
$\mathrm{Vy}-4=0, \mathrm{Vy}-2=0$
$y=16,4$
$x \leq y$
Hence, option B is correct.
6. I. $x^{2}-13 x+40=0$
$x^{2}-8 x-5 x+40=0$
$x(x-8)-5(x-8)=0$
$(x-5)(x-8)=0$
$x=5,8$
II. $y^{2}-21 y+110=0$
$y^{2}-11 y-10 y+110=0$
$y(y-11)-10(y-11)=0$
$(y-10)(y-11)=0$
$y=10,11$
After comparison of both equations, the conclusion is $x<y$
Hence, option D is correct.
7. I. $x=\left(208-14^{2}\right)-3^{2}$
$x=(208-196)-9$
$x=12-9$
$x=3$
II. $y=8^{3}-\left(21^{2} \div 3\right)-360$
$y=512-(441 \div 3)-360$
$y=512-147-360$
$y=5$
After comparison of both equations, the conclusion is $x<y$
Hence, option D is correct.
8. I. $x^{2}=30-x$
$x^{2}+x-30=0$
$x^{2}+6 x-5 x-30=0$
$x(x+6)-5(x+6)=0$
$(x-5)(x+6)=0$
$x=5,-6$
II. $y^{2}-13 y+40=0$
$y^{2}-5 y-8 y+40=0$
$y(y-5)-8(y-5)=0$
$(y-8)(y-5)=0$
$y=5,8$
After comparison of both equations, the conclusion is $x \leq y$ or no relation
Hence, option B is correct.
9. I. $35 x^{2}-39 x+10=0$
$35 x^{2}-25 x-14 x+10=0$
$5 x(7 x-5)-2(7 x-5)=0$
$(5 x-2)(7 x-5)=0$
$x=\frac{2}{5}, \frac{5}{7}$
II. $30 y^{2}+2=17 y$
$30 y^{2}-17 y+2=0$
$30 y^{2}-12 y-5 y+2=0$
$6 y(5 y-2)-1(5 y-2)=0$
$(6 y-1)(5 y-2)=0$
$y=\frac{1}{6}, \frac{2}{5}$

After comparison of both equations, the conclusion is $x \geq y$
Hence, option C is correct.
10. I. $18 x^{2}-39 x+20=0$
$18 x^{2}-15 x-24 x+20=0$
$3 x(6 x-5)-4(6 x-5)=0$
$(6 x-5)(3 x-4)=0$
$x=\frac{5}{6}, \frac{4}{3}$
II. $9 y^{2}-51 y+52=0$
$9 y^{2}-12 y-39 y+52=0$
$3 y(y-4)-13(y-4)=0$
$(3 y-4)(3 y-13)=0$
$y=\frac{4}{3}, \frac{13}{3}$

After comparison of both equations, the conclusion is $x \leq y$
Hence, option B is correct.

## -' Smarkeeda

Presents

## TestZone

India's least priced Test Series platform


## ALL BANK EXAMS

## 2020-2021 Test Series

@ Just
₹ 599/-

## 300+ Full Length Tests

$\boxed{\square}$ Brilliant Test Analysis<br>$\boxed{\square}$ Excellent Content<br>$\checkmark$ Unmatched Explanations

JOIN NOW

