

## Quadratic Equation Questions for SBI Clerk Pre, IBPS Clerk, RBI Assistant LIC Assistant Exams.

## Quadratic Equation Quiz 17

Directions: In each of these questions, two equations (I) and (II) are given. You have to solve both the equations and give answer.

1. I. $5 x^{2}+33 x+40=0$
II. $9 y^{2}+32 y+15=0$
A. if $x>y$
B. if $x \leq y$
C. if $x \geq y$
D. if $x<y$
E. if $x=y$ or relationship between $x$ and $y$ can't be established
2. I. $6 x^{2}-13 x-44=0$
II. $4 y^{2}-17 y-42=0$
A. if $x>y$
B. if $x \leq y$
C. if $x \geq y$
D. if $x<y$
E. if $x=y$ or relationship between $x$ and $y$ can't be established
3. I. $3 x+5 y=34.5$
II. $4 x-9 y=-1$
A. if $x>y$
B. if $x \leq y$
C. if $x \geq y$
D. if $x<y$
E. if $x=y$ or relationship between $x$ and $y$ can't be established
4. I. $10 x^{2}+13 x-3=0$
II. $4 y^{2}-9 y+5=0$
A. if $x>y$
B. if $x \leq y$
C. if $x \geq y$
D. if $x<y$
E. if $x=y$ or relationship between $x$ and $y$ can't be established
5. I. $3 x^{2}-(6+\sqrt{ } 17) x+2 \sqrt{ } 17=0$
II. $15 y^{2}+(9-10$ V17 $) y-6$ V17 $=0$
A. if $x>y$
B. if $x \leq y$
C. if $x \geq y$
D. if $x<y$
E. if $x=y$ or relationship between $x$ and $y$ can't be established
6. I. $x^{2}-18.5 x+75=0$
II. $2 y^{2}-40 y+175.5=0$
A. if $x>y$
B. if $x \leq y$
C. if $x \geq y$
D. if $x<y$
E. if $x=y$ or relationship between $x$ and $y$ can't be established
7. I. $x^{2}+5 x-126=0$
II. $y^{2}+5 y-104=0$
A. if $x>y$
B. if $x \leq y$
C. if $x \geq y$
D. if $x<y$
E. if $x \leq y$ or no relationship can be established between $x$ and $y$.
8. I. $35 x^{2}+4 x-63=0$
II. $7 y^{2}-4 y-20=0$
A. if $x>y$
B. if $x \leq y$
C. if $x \geq y$
D. if $x<y$
E. if $\mathrm{x}=\mathrm{y}$ or relationship between x and y can't be established
9. I. $6 x^{2}+19 \sqrt{ } 3 x+45=0$
II. $y^{2}+5 \sqrt{ } 3 y+18=0$
A. if $x>y$
B. if $x \leq y$
C. if $x \geq y$
D. if $x<y$
E. if $x=y$ or relationship between $x$ and $y$ can't be established
10. I. $x^{2}-1089=0$
II. $3 y^{2}-363=0$
A. if $x>y$
B. if $x \leq y$
C. if $x \geq y$
D. if $x<y$
E. if $x=y$ or relationship between $x$ and $y$ can't be established

## Correct Answers:

| $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E | E | A | D | E | E | E | E | A | E |

## Explanations:

1. I. $5 x^{2}+33 x+40=0$
$5 x^{2}+25 x+8 x+40=0$
$5 x(x+5)+8(x+5)=0$
$(5 x+8)(x+5)=0$
$x=-5,-\frac{8}{5}$
II. $9 y^{2}+32 y+15=0$
$9 y^{2}+27 y+5 y+15=0$
$9 y(y+3)+5(y+3)=0$
$(9 y+5)(y+3)=0$
$y=-3,-\frac{5}{9}$
Hence Relationship cannot be established.
Therefore, option E is correct.
2. I. $6 x^{2}-13 x-44=0$
$6 x^{2}-24 x+11 x-44=0$
$6 x(x-4)+11(x-4)=0$
$(6 x+11)(x-4)=0$
$x=4,-\frac{11}{6}$
II. $4 y^{2}-17 y-42=0$
$4 y^{2}-24 y+7 y-42=0$
$4 y(y-6)+7(y-6)=0$
$(4 y+7)(y-6)=0$
$y=6,-\frac{7}{4}$

Hence Relationship cannot be established.
Therefore, option E is correct.
3. Multiplying equation (I) by 4 and equation (II) by 3 we get,
$12 x+20 y=138$
$12 x-27 y=-3$
Subtracting both equations:
$47 y=141$
$y=3$
$4 x-9 y=-1$
$4 x-9(3)=-1$
$4 x-27=-1$
$4 \mathrm{x}=27-1$
$4 x=26$
$x=\frac{26}{4}=\frac{13}{2}$
$x>y$
Hence, option A is correct.
4. I. $10 x^{2}+13 x-3=0$
$\therefore 10 x^{2}-2 x+15 x-3=0$
$\therefore 2 x(5 x-1)+3(5 x-1)=0$
$\therefore(2 x+3)(5 x-1)=0$
$\therefore x_{1}=-\frac{3}{2}$
$x_{2}=\frac{1}{5}$
II. $4 y^{2}-9 y+5=0$
$\therefore 4 y^{2}-4 y-5 y+5=0$
$\therefore 4 y(y-1)-5(y-1)=0$
$\therefore(4 y-5)(y-1)=0$
$\therefore y_{1}=1$
$y_{2}=\frac{5}{4}$
We can see that $x_{1}<x_{2}<y_{1}<y_{2}$
Therefore, $x<y$.
Hence, option D is correct.
5. I. $3 x^{2}-(6+\sqrt{ } 17) x+2$ v17 $=0$
$\therefore 3 x^{2}-6 x-v 17 x+2$ v17 $=0$
$\therefore 3 x(x-2)-\sqrt{ } 17(x-2)=0$
$\therefore(3 x-\sqrt{ } 17)(x-2)=0$
$\therefore \mathrm{x}_{1}=2$
$x_{2}=\frac{\sqrt{ } 17}{3}$
II. $15 \mathrm{y}^{2}+(9-10$ V17) $y-6$ V17 $=0$
$15 y^{2}-10 \vee 17 y+9 y-6 \vee 17=0$
$5 y(3 y-2$ V17 $)+3(3 y-2$ V17 $)=0$
$(5 y+3)(3 y-2 \mathrm{~V} 17)=0$
$\therefore \mathrm{y}_{1}=-\frac{3}{5}$
$\mathrm{y}_{2}=\frac{2 \mathrm{~V} 17}{3}$
We can see that $\mathrm{y}_{1}<\mathrm{x}_{2}<\mathrm{x}_{1}<\mathrm{y}_{2}$
Therefore, the relation can't be determined.
Hence, option E is correct.
6. I. $x^{2}-18.5 x+75=0$
$x^{2}-12.5 x-6 x+75=0$
$x(x-12.5)-6(x-12.5)=0$
$(x-12.5)(x-6)=0$
$x=12.5,6$
II. $2 y^{2}-40 y+175.5=0$
$2 y^{2}-27 y-13 y-175.5=0$
$2 y(y-13.5)-13(y-13.5)=0$
$(2 y-13)(y-13.5)=0$
$y=6.5,13.5$
Therefore relation cannot be established Hence, option E is correct.
7. I. $x^{2}+5 x-126=0$
$x^{2}+14 x-9 x-126=0$
$x(x+14)-9(x+14)=0$
$(x-9)(x+14)=0$
$x=9,-14$
II. $y^{2}+5 y-104=0$
$y^{2}+13 y-8 y-104=0$
$y(y+13)-8(y+13)=0$
$(y-8)(y+13)=0$
$y=8,-13$
Therefore, relationship can't be established Hence, option E is correct.
8. I. $35 x^{2}+4 x-63=0$
$35 x^{2}+49 x-45 x-63=0$
$7 x(5 x+7)-9(5 x+7)=0$
$(7 x-9)(5 x+7)=0$
$x=\frac{9}{7},-\frac{7}{5}$
II. $7 y^{2}-4 y-20=0$
$7 y^{2}-14 y+10 y-20=0$
$7 y(y-2)+10(y-2)=0$
$(y-2)(7 y+10)=0$
$y=2,-\frac{10}{7}$
Therefore, relationship can't be established Hence, option E is correct.
9. I. $6 x^{2}+19 \sqrt{ } 3 x+45=0$
$6 x^{2}+10 v 3 x+9 v 3 x+45=0$
$2 x(3 x+5 \sqrt{ } 3)+3 \sqrt{ } 3(3 x+5 \sqrt{ } 3)=0$
$(2 x+3 \sqrt{ } 3)(3 x+5 \sqrt{ })=0$
$x=-\frac{3}{2} \sqrt{ } 3,-\frac{5}{3} \sqrt{ } 3$
II. $y^{2}+5 \mathrm{~V} 3 y+18=0$
$y^{2}+3 v 3 y+2 v 3 y+18=0$
$y(y+3 \sqrt{ } 3)+2 \sqrt{ } 3(y+3 \sqrt{ } 3)=0$
$(y+2 \sqrt{ } 3)(y+3 \sqrt{ })=0$
$y=-2 \sqrt{ } 3,-3 \sqrt{ } 3$
$x>y$
Hence, option A is correct.
10. I. $x^{2}-1089=0$,
$x= \pm 33$
II. $3 y^{2}-363=0$,
$3 y^{2}=363$,
$y^{2}=121$
$y= \pm 11$
Therefore, relationship cannot be established
Hence, option E is correct.


## - SmartKeeda

Presents

## TestZone

India's least priced Test Series platform


## ALL BANK EXAMS

2019-20 Test Series
@ Just
₹ 499/-
300+ Full Length Tests

『 Brilliant Test Analysis
$\boxtimes$ Excellent Content
$\checkmark$ Unmatched Explanations

