

Percentage Questions for CDS, CLAT and SSC Exams.

Percentage Quiz 3

Directions: Kindly study the following Questions carefully and choose the right answer:

1. In an election between two candidates, 75% of the voters cast their votes, out which 2% of the votes were declared invalid. A candidate got 9261 votes which were 75% of the valid votes. Find the total number of votes enrolled in that election.

A. 12800	B. 11500	C. 16800	D. 12740					
2. Evaluate:								
(i) 28% of 450 + 45% of 280								
(ii) $16\frac{2}{3}\%$ of 600 gm $-33\frac{1}{3}\%$ of 180 gm								
A. 152 and 54 gm	B. 234 and 87 gm	C. 328 and 40 gm	D. 252 and 40 gm					
3. If a number is increased by 25% and the resulting number is decreased by 25%. Then the percentage increase or decrease finally is								
A. No change	B. Decreased by $6\frac{1}{4}\%$	C. Increased by $6\frac{1}{4}\%$	D. Increased by 6%					
4. The value of a machine depreciates every year by 10%. If its present value is Rs. 50,000 then the value of the machine after 2 years is								
A. Rs. 40,500	B. Rs. 40,050	C. Rs. 45,000	D. Rs. 40,005					
5. The price of onions has been increased by 50%. In order to keep the expenditure on on onions the same the percentage of reduction in consumption has to be								
A. 50%	B. 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %	C. 33%	D. 30%					
6. A man spends 75% of his income. His income increases by 20% and his expenditure also increases by 10%. The percentage of increase in his savings is								
A. 10%	B. 35%	C. 50%	D. 25%					

7. A person's salary has increased from Rs. 7200 to Rs. 8100. What is the percentage increase in his salary?							
A. 25%	B. 18%	C. $12\frac{1}{2}\%$	D. $16\frac{2}{3}$ %				
8. A person could save 10% of his income. But 2 years later, when his income increased by 20%, he could save the same amount only as before. By how much percentage has his expenditure increased?							
A. $22\frac{2}{9}\%$	B. $23\frac{1}{3}\%$	C. $24\frac{2}{9}\%$	D. $25\frac{2}{9}\%$				
9. In a English examination, the average for the entire class was 80 marks. If 10% of the students scored 95 marks and 20% scored 90 marks. What were the average marks of the remaining students of the class?							
A. 55	B. 65	C. 75	D. 85				
10. If 120 is 20% of a number, then 120% of that number will be							
A. 360	В. 720	C. 20	D. 120				
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Correct Answers:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
C	D	В	А	В	С	С	А	С	В

Explanations:

1. Let the total number of votes enrolled be x. then,

Number of votes cast = 75% of x

Now, valid votes = 98% of (75% of x).

So, number of votes the winning candidate got = 75% of [98% of (75% of x)] = 9261.

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{75}{100} \times \frac{98}{100} \times \frac{75}{100} \times x\right) = 9261.$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \left(\frac{9261 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100}{75 \times 98 \times 75}\right) = 16800$$

Hence, option (C) is correct.

2. (i) 28% of 450 + 45% of 280

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{28}{100} \times 450 + \frac{45}{100} \times 280\right) \Rightarrow (126 + 126) = 252.$$
(ii) $16\frac{2}{3}\%$ of 600 gm - $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ of 180 gm

$$\Rightarrow \left[\left(\frac{50}{3} \times \frac{1}{100} \times 600\right) - \left(\frac{100}{3} \times \frac{1}{100} \times 180\right)\right]$$
gm

$$\Rightarrow (100 - 60) \text{ gm} = 40 \text{ gm}.$$
Hence, option (D) is correct.

3. To solve this question, we can apply a short trick approach;

Net% effect = $(x + y + \frac{xy}{100})\%$

Increase or decrease, according to the +ve or -ve sign respectively.

Given;

Increased Number = x = 25%

Decreased Number = y = -25%

By the short trick approach, we get

$$= \left(25 - 25 - \frac{25 \times 25}{100}\right) = -\frac{25}{4} = -6\frac{1}{4}\%$$

Hence, option (B) is correct.

 $P\left(1-\frac{r}{100}\right)^n$. Given; Present value = P = 50,000Depreciates = r = 10, year = n = 2By the short trick approach, we get

$$= 50000 \left(1 - \frac{10}{100}\right)^2 = 50000 \left(\frac{9}{10}\right)^2$$

$$= 50000 \times \frac{9 \times 9}{10 \times 10} = 500 \times 9 \times 9 = 40,500.$$

Hence, option (A) is correct.

5.

If the price of a commodity increases by r%, then the reduction in consumption so as not to

increase the expenditure, is $\left(\frac{r}{100 + r} \times 100\right)$ %. SmartKeeda

Given;

r is the increased price = 50 By the short trick approach, we get

$$= \left(\frac{50}{100+50} \times 100\right)\% = \frac{50}{150} \times 100\% = 33\frac{1}{3}\%$$

Hence, option (B) is correct.

6. Let's assume the income = 100 Therefore, his expenditure = 75% of 100 = 75 So, the savings will be = 100 - 75 = 25New income after the increase by 20% = 120 And expenditure after the increase by 10% = 110% of 75 = 82.5 Therefore, new savings = New income – New expenditure = 120 – 82.5 = 37.5 Now, Increase in saving = 37.5 - 25 = 12.5So, the percent increase in savings = $\frac{12.5}{25} \times 100 = 50\%$.

Hence, option (C) is correct.

4.



$$= \frac{8100 - 7200}{7200} \times 100 = \frac{900}{7200} \times 100 = 12\frac{1}{2}\%.$$

Hence, option (C) is correct.

8. Let earlier income be 100/-

∴ Savings = 10% of 100 = 10/-∴ Expenditure = 90/-New Income = 120/-Savings (same as before) = 10/-∴ Expenditure = 120 - 10 = 110/-∴ Increase in Expenditure = 110 – 90 = 20 Percentage increase = $\frac{20}{90} \times 100\% = 22\frac{2}{9}\%$.

Hence, option (A) is correct.

9. Suppose there are 100 students then total marks = $100 \times 80 = 8000$. Now, 10% of total students = 10

Total marks of these 10% students = 95 × 10 = 950

20% of total students = 20 Total marks of these 20% students = $20 \times 90 = 1800$

Now, remaining marks = 8000 - (950 + 1800) = 5250

And no. of students left = 100 - (10 + 20) = 70

Therefore, average marks of the remaining students = $\frac{5250}{70}$

= 75

Hence, option (C) is correct.

10. Let the number be x, then

20% of x = 120 \Rightarrow x = $\frac{120 \times 100}{20}$ = 600. ∴ 120% of 600 = $\frac{600 \times 120}{100}$ = 720.

Hence, option (B) is correct.

