

## Puzzle test for SBI PO Mains, IBPS PO Mains and RBI Grade B Exams.

PT Set No 175
Directions: Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given beside.
There are eight milk men, who sold milk of different cow breeds among Sahiwal, Tharparkar, Red Sindhi, Kankrej, Ongole, Dangi, Khillari, and Nagori. Each of them sold different liters of milk on a particular day among $48,43,32,29,25,23,19$, and 12 . The one who sold 48 liters of milk in a day is most experienced and the one who sold 12 liters of milk in a day is least experienced. All the above information is not necessarily in the same order.

There are three experienced persons between $P$ and the one, who sold Ongole breed milk. Number of liters of milk sold by $P$ is a prime number, but not 29 liters. There are two experienced persons between Q , who has more experience than S and the one, who sold Nagori breed milk. More than three experienced persons are there between $S$ and the one, who sold Kankrej breed milk. R, who sold Khillari breed milk, has more experience than W. More than two experienced persons are there between U and the one, who sold Khillari breed milk. The one, who sold Dangi breed milk, has less experience than the one, who sold Sahiwal breed milk. Only one experienced person is there between V and the one, who sold Kankrej breed milk. The one, who sold Kankrej breed milk, has not sold 32 liters milk. As many experienced persons before $T$ is same as after the one, who sold Tharparkar breed milk. T doesn't sell Nagori breed milk. The one, who sold Red Sindhi breed milk, has less experience than $T$ and there is no experienced person in between them. P doesn't sell Nagori breed milk. The one, who sold Nagori breed milk, has more experience than $S$ and there is no experienced person in between them.

1. How many liters milk sold by the one, who sold Sahiwal breed milk?
A. 23 liters
B. 19 liters
C. 29 liters
D. 32 liters
E. None of the above
2. What is the total liters of milk sold by the one, who sold Dangi breed milk and W?
A. 44 liters
B. 51 liters
C. 52 liters
D. 61 liters
E. None of the above
3. If $R$ sold Rs. $35 /$ liter milk and $U$ sold Rs. 40 /liter milk, then what is the sum of the amounts sold by $R$ and $U$ ?
A. Rs. 1355
B. Rs. 1985
C. Rs. 1495
D. Rs. 1565
E. None of the above

## 4. Which among the following combinations is True?

A. P-Red Sindhi-43liters
B. S-Tharparkar-12liters
C. W-Nagori-19liters
D. V-Dangi-32liters
E. None of the above
5. Who among the following are less experienced than the one, who sold Red Sindhi breed milk?
I. The one, who sold Kankrej breed milk
II. The one, who sold Sahiwal breed milk
III. The one who sold Ongole breed milk
A. Both I and II
B. Both II and III
C. Both I and III
D. All I, II and III
E. None of the above

## Correct Answers:

| $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | A | C | E | B |

## Common explanation :

## References:

There are eight milk men, who sold milk of different cow breeds among Sahiwal, Tharparkar, Red Sindhi, Kankrej, Ongole, Dangi, Khillari, and Nagori.

Each of them sold different liters of milk on a particular day among 48, 43, 32, 29, 25, 23, 19, and 12.
The one who sold 48 liters of milk in a day is most experienced and the one who sold 12 liters of milk in a day is least experienced.

All the above information is not necessarily in the same order.

## Inferences:

From above statements,
Keep all the above information in mind while solving this puzzle.

## References:

Number of liters of milk sold by P is a prime number, but not 29 liters.

There are three experienced persons between P and the one, who sold Ongole breed milk.

## Inferences:

From above statements,

As per 1st ref point, P sold either 43liters or 23liters or 19liters (prime numbers among given except 29 liters). Thus we have three possibilities as shown,

Case-1: Here P sold 43liters milk and as per 2nd ref point, the one, who sold Ongole breed milk, has sold 23liters milk.

Case-2: Here P sold 23liters milk and as per 2nd ref point, the one, who sold Ongole breed milk, has sold 43liters milk.

Case-3: Here P sold 19liters milk and as per 2nd ref point, the one, who sold Ongole breed milk, has sold 32liters milk.

By using above information we get the following arrangement,

| Case-1 |  | Case-2 |  | Case-3 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liters of milk <br> (experienced Order) | Milk <br> men | Cow <br> breed | Liters of milk <br> (experienced Order) | Milk <br> men | Cow <br> breed | Liters of milk <br> (experienced Order) | Milk <br> men | Cow <br> breed |
| 48 |  |  | 48 |  |  | 48 |  |  |
| 43 | P |  | 43 |  | Ongole | 43 |  |  |
| 32 |  |  | 32 |  |  | 32 |  | Ongole |
| 29 |  |  | 29 |  |  | 29 |  |  |
| 25 |  |  | 25 |  |  | 25 |  |  |
| 23 |  | Ongole | 23 | P |  | 23 |  |  |
| 19 |  |  | 19 |  |  | 19 | P |  |
| 12 |  |  | 12 |  |  | 12 |  |  |

## References:

The one, who sold Nagori breed milk, has more experience than S and there is no experienced person in between them.

P doesn't sell Nagori breed milk.
There are two experienced persons between Q , who has more experience than S and the one, who sold Nagori breed milk.

## Inferences:

From above statements,
By combining above statements we get one more posibility for each case, thus six cases in total.
Case-1: Here the one, who sold Nagori breed milk, has sold 19 liters milk and $S$ has sold 12 liters milk (ref point1). Finally $Q$ has sold 29liters milk (ref point-3), 1st possibility.

Case-1-A: Here the one, who sold Nagori breed milk, has sold 291 iters milk and S has sold 25 liters milk (ref point-1). Finally $Q$ has sold 48 liters milk (ref point-3), 2nd \& final possibility.

Case-2: Here the one, who sold Nagori breed milk, has sold 19 liters milk and S has sold 12 liters milk (ref point1). Finally $Q$ has sold 29liters milk (ref point-3), 1st possibility.

By using above information we get the following arrangement,

| Case-1 |  | Case-1-A |  | Case-2 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liters of milk <br> (experienced Order) | Milk <br> men | Cow <br> breed | Liters of milk <br> (experienced Order) | Milk <br> men | Cow <br> breed | Liters of milk <br> (experienced Order) | Milk <br> men | Cow <br> breed |
| 48 |  |  | 48 | Q |  | 48 |  |  |
| 43 | P | Nagori | 43 | P | Nagori | 43 |  | Ongole |
| 32 |  |  | 32 |  |  | 32 |  |  |
| 29 | Q |  | 29 |  | Nagori | 29 | Q |  |
| 25 |  |  | 25 | S |  | 25 |  |  |
| 23 |  | Ongole | 23 |  | Ongole | 23 | P | Nagori |
| 19 |  | Nagori | 19 |  |  | 19 |  | Nagori |
| 12 | S |  | 12 |  |  | 12 | S |  |

Case-2-A: Here the one, who sold Nagori breed milk, has sold 291 liters milk and S has sold 25 liters milk (ref point-1). Finally $Q$ has sold 48 liters milk (ref point-3), 2nd \& final possibility.

Case-3: Here the one, who sold Nagori breed milk, has sold 25 liters milk and $S$ has sold 23 liters milk (ref point1). Finally $Q$ has sold 43 liters milk (ref point-3), 1st possibility.

Case-3-A: Here the one, who sold Nagori breed milk, has sold 29 liters milk and S has sold 25 liters milk (ref point-1). Finally $Q$ has sold 48 liters milk (ref point-3), 2nd \& final possibility.

By using above information we get the following arrangement,

| Case-2-A |  |  | Case-3 |  |  | Case-3-A |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liters of milk <br> (experienced <br> Order) | Milk <br> men | Cow <br> breed | Liters of milk <br> (experienced <br> Order) | Milk <br> men | Cow <br> breed <br> (experienced <br> Order) | Milk <br> men | Cow <br> breed |  |
| 48 | Q | 48 |  |  | 48 | Q |  |  |
| 43 |  | Ongole | 43 | Q |  | 43 |  |  |
| 32 |  |  | 32 |  | Ongole | 32 |  | Ongole |
| 29 |  | Nagori | 29 |  |  | 29 |  | Nagori |
| 25 | S |  | 25 |  | Nagori | 25 | S |  |
| 23 | P | Nagori | 23 | S |  | 23 |  |  |
| 19 |  |  | 19 | P | Nagori | 19 | P | Nagori |
| 12 |  |  | 12 |  |  | 12 |  |  |

## References:

More than three experienced persons are there between $S$ and the one, who sold Kankrej breed milk.
Only one experienced person is there between V and the one, who sold Kankrej breed milk.

The one, who sold Kankrej breed milk, has not sold 32 liters milk.

## Inferences:

From above statements,
As per 1st ref point minimum 4 (more than 3 ) experienced persons are there between S and the one, who sold Kankrej breed milk.

Case-1-A, Case-2-A \& Case-3-A gets eliminated sine we can't satisfy the 1st reference point.
Case-1 \& 2: By combining all the above ref points we get only possibility i.e. the one, who sold Kankrej breed milk, has sold 48 liters milk and V has sold 32liters milk [i.e. there are 6 experienced persons are there between S and the one, who sold Kankrej breed milk]

Note: in case-1, if the one, who sold Kankrej breed milk, has sold 43liters milk, then we can't satisfy 2 nd ref point.

By using above information we get the following arrangement,

| Case-1 |  | Case-1-A [Eliminated] |  | Case-2 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liters of milk <br> (experienced Order) | Milk <br> men | Cow <br> breed | Liters of milk <br> (experienced Order) | Milk <br> men | Cow <br> breed | Liters of milk <br> (experienced Order) | Milk <br> men | Cow <br> breed |
| 48 |  | Kankrej | 48 | Q |  | 48 |  | Kankrej |
| 43 | P |  | 43 | P |  | 43 |  | Ongole |
| 32 | V | Kankrej | 32 |  |  | 32 | V | Kankrej |
| 29 | Q |  | 29 |  | Nagori | 29 | Q |  |
| 25 |  |  | 25 | S |  | 25 |  |  |
| 23 |  | Ongole | 23 |  | Ongole | 23 | P |  |
| 19 |  | Nagori | 19 |  |  | 19 |  | Nagori |
| 12 | S |  | 12 |  |  | 12 | S |  |

Case-3: By combining all the above ref points we get only possibility i.e. the one, who sold Kankrej breed milk, has sold 48 liters milk and $V$ has sold 32 liters milk [i.e. there are 4 experienced persons are there between S and the one, who sold Kankrej breed milk]

By using above information we get the following arrangement,

| Case-2-A [Eliminated] |  | Case-3 |  | Case-3-A [Eliminated] |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liters of milk <br> (experienced Order) | Milk <br> men | Cow <br> breed | Liters of milk <br> (experienced Order) | Milk <br> men <br> (exper | Cow <br> breed | Liters of milk <br> (experienced Order) | Milk <br> men | Cow <br> breed |
| 48 | Q |  | 48 |  | Kankrej | 48 | Q |  |
| 43 |  | Ongole | 43 | Q |  | 43 |  |  |
| 32 |  |  | 32 | V | Ongole | 32 |  | Ongole |
| 29 |  | Nagori | 29 |  |  | 29 |  | Nagori |
| 25 | S |  | 25 |  | Nagori | 25 | S |  |
| 23 | P |  | 23 | S |  | 23 |  |  |
| 19 |  |  | 19 | P |  | 19 | P |  |
| 12 |  |  | 12 |  |  | 12 |  |  |

## References:

As many experienced persons before T is same as after the one, who sold Tharparkar breed milk.
T doesn't sell Nagori breed milk.

The one, who sold Red Sindhi breed milk, has less experience than $T$ and there is no experienced person in between them.

## Inferences:

From above statements,
By combining above statements we get only possibility for each case as shown,

Case-1 \&3: Here T sold 48 liters milk and the one, who sold Tharparkar breed milk, has 12 liters milk (ref point1). Finally, the one, who sold Red Sindhi breed milk, has sold 43 liters milk (ref point-3)

Case-2: Here T sold 25liters milk and the one, who sold Tharparkar breed milk, has 29liters milk (ref point-1). Finally, the one, who sold Red Sindhi breed milk, has sold 23liters milk (ref point-3)

By using above information we get the following arrangement,

| Case-1 |  |  | Case-2 |  |  | Case-3 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liters of milk <br> (experienced <br> Order) | Milk <br> men | Cow <br> breed | Liters of milk <br> (experienced <br> Order) | Milk <br> men | Cow <br> breed | Liters of milk <br> (experienced <br> Order) | Milk <br> men | Cow <br> breed |
| 48 | T | Kankrej | 48 |  | Kankrej | 48 | T | Kankrej |
| 43 | P | Red Sindhi | 43 |  | Ongole | 43 | Q | Red Sindhi |
| 32 | V |  | 32 | V |  | 32 | V | Ongole |
| 29 | Q |  | 29 | Q | Tharparkar | 29 |  |  |
| 25 |  |  | 25 | T |  | 25 | $\mathbf{\mp}$ | Nagori |
| 23 |  | Ongole | 23 | P | Red Sindhi | 23 | S |  |
| 19 | $\mp$ | Nagori | 19 | $\mathbf{F}$ | Nagori | 19 | P |  |
| 12 | S | Tharparkar | 12 | S |  | 12 |  | Tharparkar |

## References:

R, who sold Khillari breed milk, has more experience than W.
More than two experienced persons are there between $U$ and the one, who sold Khillari breed milk.

The one, who sold Dangi breed milk, has less experience than the one, who sold Sahiwal breed milk.

## Inferences:

From above statements,

Case-1: R sold 25 liters Khillari breed milk, only possibility. Given, more than two experienced persons are there between $U$ and the one, who sold Khillari breed milk and this is not possible in this arrangement. Hence case-1 gets eliminated.

Case-2: Given, R, who sold Khillari breed milk, has more experience than W and this is not possible in this arrangement. Hence case-2 gets eliminated.

Case-3: R sold 29liters Khillari breed milk, only possibility. As per 2 nd ref point, U sold 12 liters milk. Finally, W sold 25 liters milk (ref point-1).

Finally, P sold Dangi breed milk and S sold Sahiwal breed milk (ref point-3)

All the given conditions get satisfied and we get the completed arrangement in case-3

| Case-1 [Eliminated] |  | Case-2 [Eliminated] |  | Case-3 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liters of milk <br> (experienced <br> Order) | Milk <br> men | Cow <br> breed | Liters of milk <br> (experienced <br> Order) | Milk <br> men | Cow <br> breed | Liters of milk <br> (experienced <br> Order) | Milk <br> men | Cow <br> breed |
| 48 | T | Kankrej | 48 |  | Kankrej | 48 | T | Kankrej |
| 43 | P | Red Sindhi | 43 |  | Ongole | 43 | Q | Red Sindhi |
| 32 | V |  | 32 | V |  | 32 | V | Ongole |
| 29 | Q |  | 29 | Q | Tharparkar | 29 | R | Khillari |
| 25 | R | Khillari | 25 | T |  | 25 | W | Nagori |
| 23 |  | Ongole | 23 | P | Red Sindhi | 23 | S | Sahiwal |
| 19 |  | Nagori | 19 |  | Nagori | 19 | P | Dangi |
| 12 | S | Tharparkar | 12 | S |  | 12 | U | Tharparkar |

## Answers:

1. Following the common explanation, we get " 23 liters".

S sold 23liters Sahiwal breed milk

Hence, option A is correct
2. Following the common explanation, we get "44 liters".

P sold 19liters Dangi breed milk and W sold 25 liters milk

Sum, $19+25=44$ liters

Hence, option A is correct.
3. Following the common explanation, we get "Rs.1495".

R sold 29 liters Khillari breed milk
As per question, 29 liters $\times$ Rs. $35=$ Rs. 1015
U sold 12 liters Tharparkar breed milk
As per question, 12 liters $\times$ Rs. $40=$ Rs. 480
Sum, Rs. 1015 + Rs. 480 = Rs. 1495
Hence, option C is correct.
4. Following the common explanation, we get "None of the above".

All the combinations are false
Hence, option E is correct.
5. Following the common explanation, we get "Both II and III".

Q sold Red Sindhi breed milk
Q has more experience than V , who sold Ongole breed milk and S , who sold Sahiwal breed milk.
Hence, option B is correct.

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