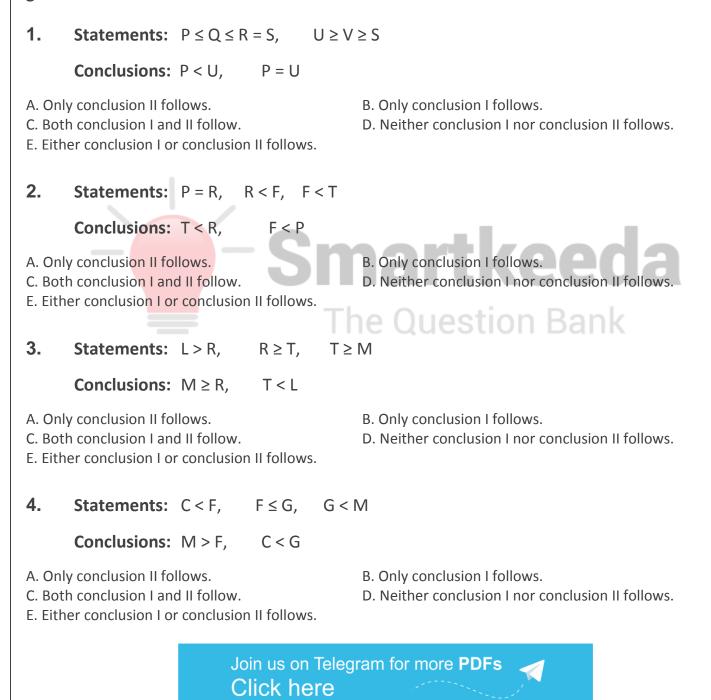


Inequalities Questions for IBPS Clerk Pre, SBI Clerk Pre and IBPS RRB Exams.

Inequalities Quiz 24

Directions: In these questions, relationship between different elements is shown in the statement. The statements are followed by two conclusions. Choose the correct Answer given below:



5. **Statements:** G = T, $T \le W$, $W \ge K$ **Conclusions:** W > G, W = GB. Only conclusion I follows. A. Only conclusion II follows. D. Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows. C. Both conclusion I and II follow. E. Either conclusion I or conclusion II follows. **Statements:** C < D, $E \ge B$, B > D, A = E6. **Conclusions:** B > C , A < D A. Either C1 or C2 follows B. Only C1 follows D. Both C1 and C2 follow C. Only C2 follows E. Neither C1 nor C2 follows 7. **Statements:** $P \ge Q$, R < S, Q = S, T > P**Conclusions:** R < T, T > SB. Only C1 follows D. Both C1 and C2 follow A. Either C1 or C2 follows C. Only C2 follows eeda E. Neither C1 nor C2 follows Statements: W > Y, Y < U, U = V, V > T Ne Ouestion Bank 8. **Conclusions:** W < T, T > YA. Either C1 or C2 follows B. Only C1 follows C. Only C2 follows D. Both C1 and C2 follow E. Neither C1 nor C2 follows 9. **Statements:** F > R, R = Q, H > Q, P < F**Conclusions:** F < H , F > QB. Only C1 follows A. Either C1 or C2 follows C. Only C2 follows D. Both C1 and C2 follow E. Neither C1 nor C2 follows 10. **Statements:** $C \ge D$, E < A, $A \ge O$, E = D**Conclusions:** D < O , $C \ge E$ A. Either C1 or C2 follows B. Only C1 follows C. Only C2 follows D. Both C1 and C2 follow E. Neither C1 nor C2 follows

Correct Answers:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
E	D	А	С	E	В	D	E	С	С

Explanations :

1. Statements: $P \le Q \le R = S$, $U \ge V \ge S$

Conclusions: P < U, P = U

For statements I and II: P < U and P = U

Combining statements I and II, we get:

 $\mathsf{P} \le \mathsf{Q} \le \mathsf{R} = \mathsf{S} \le \mathsf{V} \le \mathsf{U}$

Here, the common sign between P and U is ' \leq ' and the given conclusions are P < U and P = U. Hence, either P < U or P = U follows.

Hence, the correct answer would be Either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.

2. Statement: P = R, R < F, F < T The Question Bank

Conclusions: T < R, F < P

For conclusion I: T < R

Combining statements II and III, we get:

R < F < T

Here, the common sign between R and T is '<' and the given conclusion is T < R. Hence, conclusion I does not follow.

For conclusion II: F < P

Combining statement I and II, we get:

P = R < F

Here the common sign between P and F is '<' and the given code is F < P. Hence, conclusion II does not follow too.

Hence, the correct answer would be 'Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows'.

3. Statements: L > R, $R \ge T$, $T \ge M$

Conclusions: $M \ge R$, T < L

For conclusion I: $M \ge R$

Combining statements II and III, we get:

$\mathsf{R} \geq \mathsf{T} \geq \mathsf{M}$

Here, the common sign between R and M is ' \geq ' and the given conclusion is M \geq R. Hence, conclusion I does not follow.

For conclusion II: T < L

Combining statements I and II, we get:

 $\mathsf{L} > \mathsf{R} \ge \mathsf{T}$

Here, the common sign between L and T is '>' and the given conclusion is T < L. Hence, conclusion II follows.

Hence, the correct answer would be 'Only conclusion II follows'.

4. Statements: C < F, F ≤ G, G < M The Question Bank

Conclusions: M > F, C < G

For conclusion I: M > F

Combining statements II and III, we get:

 $\mathsf{F} \leq \mathsf{G} < \mathsf{M}$

Here, the common sign between F and M is '<' and the given conclusion is M > F. Hence, conclusion I follows.

For conclusion II: C < G

Combining statements I and II, we get:

$C < F \le G$

Here, the common sign between C and G is '<' and the given conclusion is C < G. Hence, conclusion II follows.

Hence, the correct answer would be 'both conclusion I and conclusion II follows'.

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5. Statements: G = T, T \le W, W \ge K
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Conclusions: W > G, W = G

For conclusion I and II: W > G and W = G

Combining statement I and II, we get:

$$\mathsf{G}=\mathsf{T}\leq\mathsf{W}$$

Here, the common sign between G and W is ' \leq ' and the given conclusions W > G and W = G. Hence, either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.

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Hence, the correct answer would be 'Either conclusion I or conclusion II follows'

6. Checking C1:

B > D > C

Thus C1 follows.

Checking C2:

 $A = E \ge B > D$

Thus C2 does not follow.

Hence option B is correct.

7. Checking C1:

 $\mathsf{R} < \mathsf{S} = \mathsf{Q} \le \mathsf{P} < \mathsf{T}$

Thus C1 follows.

Checking C2:

 $S = Q \le P < T$

Thus C2 also follow.

Hence option D is correct.

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8. Checking C1:

W > Y < U = V > T

Thus C1 does not follow.

Checking C2:

Y < U = V > T

Thus C2 does not follow.

Hence option E is correct.

9. Checking C1:

F > R = Q < H

Thus C1 does not follow.

Checking C2:

F > R = Q

Thus C2 follows.

Hence option C is correct.

10. Checking C1:

 $O \le A > E = D$

Thus C1 does not follow.

Checking C2:

 $C \ge D = E$

Thus C2 follows.

Hence option C is correct.

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