

Simple Interest Questions for Bank Clerk Pre Exams.

Simple Interest Quiz 8

Directions: Kindly study the following Questions carefully and choose the right answer:

1. Virat has Rs. 9000. He gives this money to Mahendra on simple interest and after 4 years received the double amount. If the interest rate is 5% more than the previous, in how many years this amount will be doubled?

| A. $3\frac{1}{2}$ years | B. 3 years | C. $2\frac{1}{2}$ years | D. $3\frac{1}{3}$ years | E. None of these | | | | | |
|---|---------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2. Shubhranshu deposited Rs 8000 at simple interest which amounted to Rs 9200 after 3 years. Had the interest been 2% more, how much amount she would have got? | | | | | | | | | |
| A. KS 1680 | B. RS 9680 | C. RS 9272 | D. KS 2680 | E. None of these | | | | | |
| 3. Rajat lends Rs. 20,000 to two of his friends. He gives Rs.10,000 to the first at 15% p.a. simple interest. Rajat wants to make a profit of 20% on the whole. The simple interest rate at which he should lend the remaining sum of money to the second friend is | | | | | | | | | |
| A. 12% | B. 16% | C. 20% | D. 25% | E. None of these | | | | | |
| 4. The SI on certain sum of money for 23 months at the rate of 7% per annum exceeds the SI on the same sum at 7% per annum for 19 months by Rs. 672. Then find the sumA. Rs. 16800B. Rs. 28800C. Rs. 24400D. Rs. 18600E. None of these | | | | | | | | | |
| 5. The simple interest on a sum of money will be Rs. 500 after 10 years. If the principal is made four times after 5 years, what will be the total interest at the end of the tenth year? | | | | | | | | | |
| A. Rs. 650 | B. Rs. 975 | C. Rs. 1250 | D. Rs. 1500 | E. None of these | | | | | |
| 6. Ravi invested Rs. 6000 in a scheme for 3 years which promised a certain percentage of simple interest on the sum. The interest offered was 5% for the first year, 7% for the second year and 9% for the third year. What was the amount that Ravi got after 3 years?A. 7180B. 7260C. 7490D. 7630E. None of these | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 7. 12000 is divided into two amounts such that the simple interest on the first amount for 3 years at the rate 4% is equal to the simple interest on the second amount for 4 year at the rate 1%. What are the amounts? | | | | | | | | | |
| A. 4000, 8000 | B. 6000, 6000 | C. 3000, 9000 | D. 5000, 7000 | E. None of these | | | | | |

8. A sum of 6400 was subdivided into two investments schemes in such a way that one part was lent at 6% simple interest and the second part was lent at 9% simple interest. If the interest on the second part after 6 years is equal to interest on the first part after 3 years. What is the first part.

| A. 1200 | B. 1400 | C. 1800 | D. 2300 | E. 4800 |
|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| 9. In how many annum? | years will Rs. 1268 | 30 amounts to Rs. | 35504 at a simple | interest of 15% per |
| A. 15 years | B. 13 years | C. 12 years | D. 11 years | E. 14 years |

10. Seema has Rs. 5200 and she gives some money to Sumit at 8% p.a. on simple interest for 3 years and rest money to Seeta at a 5% p.a on simple interest for 2 years. If Seema get Rs. 688 of interest find the ratio between the money of Sumit and Seeta.



Correct Answers:

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|
| D | В | D | В | С | В | С | E | С | В |

Explanations:

1.

 $S.I. = \frac{P \times r \times t}{100}$

 $9000 = \frac{9000 \times r \times 4}{100}$

r = 25%

New rate = 25 + 5 = 30% 9000 = 9000 × 30% × t

$$t = 3\frac{1}{3}$$
 years

Hence, option D is correct.

2. Amount = simple interest + principal \Rightarrow 9200 = simple interest + 8000 \Rightarrow simple interest = 9200 - 8000 = Rs 1200 if r % be the rate of interest, Then from, simple interest = $\frac{\text{principal} \times \text{rate\%} \times \text{time}}{100}$ $1200 = \frac{8000 \times \text{r} \times 3}{100}$ \Rightarrow r = 5% 2% more interest that is 7% interest

simple interest = $\frac{8000 \times 7 \times 3}{100}$

= Rs 1680thus amount he will get is Rs 8000 + Rs 1680 = Rs 9680Hence, option B is correct.

3. Let Rajat lend the sum at x% rate to the second friend. According to the question, $15\% \times 10000 + x\%$ of 10000 = 20% of 20000 $\Rightarrow 15 \times 100 + 100x = 20 \times 200$ $\Rightarrow 100x = 4000 - 1500$ $\Rightarrow 100x = 2500 \Rightarrow x = 25$ Hence, the required rate of interest is 25% p.a. Therefore, Option D is correct.

4. Let the sum be P.

Then, $\frac{P \times 7 \times 23}{12 \times 100} - \frac{P \times 7 \times 19}{12 \times 100} = 672$

or, $161P - 133P = 672 \times 100 \times 12$

∴ P =
$$\frac{672 \times 100 \times 12}{28}$$
 = Rs. 28800

Hence, option (B) is correct.

5. Given that:
Simple interest for 10 years = Rs, 500
Therefore, SI for 1 year = Rs, 50
Therefore, SI for 5 years = Rs. 250
Now, if the principal is made four times, the interest will also become four times.
Therefore, SI for next 5 years = Rs, 250 x 4 = Rs, 1000
Hence, total interest after 10 years = 250 + 1000 = Rs, 1250
Therefore, option (C) is correct.

6. Total percentage charges on a sum over the years = 5% + 7% + 9% = 21%Hence, Ravi will get total amount = (100 + 21)% of 6000 = 121% of 6000 = 7260. Therefore, option (B) is correct.

7. Let the amounts be x and 12000 - xSimple interest in 3 years at rate for 4% will be 12% Similarly, at the rate of 1% it will be 4% in 4 years Since the interests earned are equal, we can write the equation as: 12% of x = 4% of (12000 - x)Solving the above equation we get, x = 3000 So, the amounts are 3000 and (12000 - 3000) = 9000Hence, option (C) is correct.

8. Let the first part be X then second part would be (6400 - X)Now, SI on first part after 3 years = SI on second part after 6 years Using the formulae SI = $\frac{P \times R \times T}{100}$ We get, $\frac{X \times 3 \times 6}{100} = \frac{(640 - X) \times 9 \times 6}{100}$ On simplifying we get, $X = 6400 \times 3 - 3X$ $4X = 6400 \times 3$ X = 4800 Hence, option E is correct. **9.** S.I. = 35504 – 12680 = Rs. 22824 $\therefore SI = \frac{P \times R \times T}{100}$: $22824 = \frac{12680 \times 15 \times T}{12680 \times 15 \times T}$ 100 (eer \therefore T = 12 years Hence, option C is correct.

10. Let Seema gives Rs. X to Sumit and 5200 - X to Seeta. Now, as per the question, $[X \times 0.08 \times 3] + [(5200 - X) \times (0.05 \times 2)] = 688$ 0.24X + 520 - 0.1X = 6880.14X + 520 = 688 $x = (688 - 520) \div 0.14$ $x = 168 \div 0.14$ x = 12002nd part = 5200 - 1200 = 4000 Rs. Reqd. ratio = 1200 : 4000 = 3 :10 Hence, option B is correct.

